

L 09093-67 EWT(1)/EWP(m) AT
ACC NRI AF7002336

SOURCE CODE: UR/0166/66/000/003/0041/0048

40

AUTHOR: Arifov, U. A.; Aliyev, A. A. Ayukhanov, A. Kh.

ORG: Physicotechnical Institute, Academy of Sciences Uzbek SSR (Fiziko-tehnicheskiy
institut AN UZSSR)

TITLE: Angular dependence of the energy spectra of secondary ions at various angles
of emission

SOURCE: AN UZSSR. Izvestiya, Seriya fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk, no. 3, 1966,
41-48

TOPIC TAGS: ion bombardment, particle spectrum

ABSTRACT: Earlier articles by the authors described the use by them of an electrostatic analyzer to study the angular dependence of the energy spectra of secondary ions during the bombardment of metals by positive ions. On the basis of the resulting data the authors concluded that during the bombardment of metals by ions in an energy range of 1-3 kev scattering is explained by paired collisions - single and multiple. The earlier articles described the results of the energy analysis of the secondary ions emitted at a certain angle ($\sim 50^\circ$) in relation to an angle of incidence of 10° - 80° . As a result of the design of the instrument it was possible, by changing the target position vis-à-vis the analyzer, to study the dependence of the energy spectra of the secondary ions on

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the angle of incidence at various emission angle values. The present article gives the results of these investigations, in particular, oscillograms showing the energy distribution and the angular dependence of the energy spectra at various angles of emission for secondary ions when a Mo target heated to 1800° K is bombarded by positive potassium or cesium ions with energy $E_0 = 1000$ ev. The authors discuss some of the results and conclude that they can be explained from the viewpoint of paired collisions of the bombarding ions with a system of free atoms. Orig. art. has: 3 formulas and 4 figures. [JPRS: 38,168]

SUB CODE: 20 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 010 / OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2 net

ACC NR: AP7003643

SOURCE CODE: UR/0020/67/172/001/0065/0068

AUTHOR: Aliyev, A. A.; Arifov, U. A. (Academician AN UzSSR)

ORG: Physicotechnical Institute, Academy of Sciences, UzSSR (Fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut Akademii nauk UzSSR)

TITLE: Anisotropy of the angular distribution and structure of the energy distribution of ions scattered by the surface of a single crystal

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 172, no. 1, 1967, 65-68

TOPIC TAGS: ion scattering, secondary emission, angular distribution, crystal surface, spectral distribution

ABSTRACT: To check on the result of theoretical calculations by the authors (Izv. AN UzSSR, ser. fiz.-matem. nauk no. 3, 41, 1966 and earlier papers), the authors investigated the angular dependence of the coefficient of secondary ion emission and the energy distribution of secondary alkali ions scattered by single crystals of W and Mo. The apparatus was described elsewhere (Izv. AN UzSSR ser. fiz.-matem. nauk no. 4, 20, 1964) but was modified to increase the resolution. The results show that the spectrum contains, besides the peak of ions singly scattered by individual atoms of the target, also additional peaks in the high energy region of the spectrum, corresponding to doubly scattered ions by different crystallographic planes. Similar secondary peaks are observed also for the energy distributions of the secondary ions. The ion-scattering coefficient is higher for single crystals than for polycrystals.

Card 1/2

UDC: 537.334.8

ACC NR: AP7003643

at all scattering angles, and shows a faster growth with increasing angle. It has a minimum near 45° . It also decreases with increasing ion energy. The variation of the scattering coefficient is interpreted from the point of view of the contributions made by various crystallographic planes. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 2 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 10Sep66/ ORIG REF: 014/ OTH REF: 002

Card 2/2

MOTORIN, I.I.; OSIPOV, O.V.; ARIFULIN, S.A.; PETRYAYEV, A.A., otv.
red.; CHERNEGOVA, E.N., red. izd-va; LOMILINA, L.N.,
tekhn. red.

[Regulations for the exploitation of drilling, pumping,
compressor, power, special, and construction equipment]
Pravila ekspluatatsii burovogo, nasosnogo, kompressornogo,
silovogo, spetsial'nogo i stroitel'nogo oborudovaniia. Mo-
skva, Gosgortekhizdat, 1962. 22 p. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Soyuzshakhtosusheniye, trust.
(Machinery)

L 11247-63

ACCESSION NR: AP3001071

EWT(1)/EWT(m)/BDS--AFFTC/AMD/ASD--PM/AR/K

S/0205/63/003/003/0440/0446 62

59

AUTHOR: Ganassi, Ye. E.; Sydus, L. Kh.; Arifulina, R. A.

TITLE: Investigation *in vitro* of the action mechanism of chemical protective substances. Report 1 19

SOURCE: Radiobiologiya, v. 3, no. 3, 1963, 440-446

TOPIC TAGS: aminoethylisoturon (AET), vinbarbital sodium, mercamine, bisulfate sodium, pepsin solution, gamma radiation, action mechanism

ABSTRACT: Most protective action theories are based on the known properties of a given protective substance itself rather than a mechanism common to protective substances. The present work investigates systematically the protective action of aminoethylisoturon(AET), vinbarbital sodium, mercamine, bisulfate sodium, and beta-alanin, to which different action mechanisms have been attributed. The action mechanisms were studied by means of radiation inactivation of pepsin water solutions which were gamma irradiated from Co sup 60 or Cs sup 137 sources at 370 r/min. Radiation inactivation of pepsin in water takes place according to an exponential law, that is, the power of radiation increases with decrease of solution concentration. Figures 1-4 show pepsin irradiation inactivation in the presence of different protective substance concentrations. By analyzing the change of these dosage curves Card 1/2

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ACCESSION NR: AP3001071

in the presence of the various protective substance concentrations, a mechanism common to all the protective substances is determined. Each substance apparently blocks radiosensitive parts of the protein molecule surface from oxygen access for a sufficiently prolonged time and this prevents hidden injuries of the "oxygen" type. "The authors express their gratitude to the doctor of biological sciences N. I. Shapiro and V. I. Suslikov for valuable remarks in discussing the study." Orig. art. has: 7 figures, 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Institut biologicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR, Moscow (Institute of Biophysical Physics AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 01Oct62

SUB CODE: 00

DATE ACQD: 01Jul63

ENCL: 00

NO REF Sov: 013

OTHER: 012

ch/wm
Cart 2/2

GANASSI, Ye.E.; EYDUS, L.Kh.; ARIFULINA, R.A.

In vitro investigation of the mechanism of action of
protective chemicals. Report No.1. Radiobiologija 3 no.3:
440-446 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Institut biologicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR, Moskva.

GANASSI, Ye.E.; EYDUS, L.Kh.; ARIFULINA, R.A.

Participation of oxygen in the radiation inactivation of dry enzymes. Radiobiologija 4 no.1:41-46 '64. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Institut biologicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR, Moskva.

USSR/Human and Animal Morphology (Normal and Pathological) Nervous S
System.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, No 31231

Author : Arikhbayov K.F.

Inst : Not Given

Title : On the Problem of Innervation of the Adrenal Glands.

Orig Pub : Tr. Stalingradsk. med. in-ta, 1957, 25, 55-64

Abstract : On the basis of the degeneration of nerve trunks after the removal of the semilunar nodes of the solar plexus and by subdiaphragmatic vagotomy in dogs, the author established both the direct and the cross innervation of the adrenal glands from the nodes of the solar plexus as well as the participation of the vagus nerves in the innervation of the predominantly nodillary substance of the suprarenal glands.

Cord : 1/1

RASPOPOV, I.V.; LUKASHOV, G.G.; PLISKANOVSKIY, S.T.; ARTYUKHOV, B.N.;
TARASOV, D.A.; ARIKHBAYEV, V.V.; Prinimali uchastiye: ZENYUKOV,
V.P.; NEMTSOV, N.S.; GODLEVSKIY, A.I.; LEVCHENKO, G.F.;
DEGTYAREVA, Z.I.; GORLACH, A.A.; YAKUSHECHKIN, Ye.I.

Intensifying the sintering process by air preheating and by
improving the performance of exhaust fans. Stal' 23 no.8:
679-682 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Zhdanovskiy metallurgicheskiy institut i metallurgicheskiy
zavod "Azovstal'."

(Sintering)

ASTAKHOV, A.G.; FEDOROVSKIY, N.V.; ARIKHBAYEV, V.V.; LAVRENTIK, I.I.;
MAKOVSKIY, V.A.; SUMSKOY, N.A.

Determining the limits of shifting of the maximum temperature
zone along the length of a sintering machine. Met. i gornorud.
prom. no.2:18-20 Mr-Ap '65. (MIRA 18:5)

NIKITIN, A.I.; ARIKHBAEV, Ye.V.

Equipment shortcomings at the sintering shop at "Azovstal'" plant.
Stal' 16 no.1:15-19 '56. (MLRA 9:5)
(Zhdanov--Steel industry) (Sintering)

ARIKHAYEVA, Nina Vasil'yevna; KULESHOV, V.N., red.

[Organization of work in a maternity home] Organiza-
tsiia raboty rodil'nogo doma. Moskva, Meditsina, 1965.
73 p. (MIRA 18:12)

ARIKHAYEVA, T.K.; IL'IN, I.I.

Certain characteristics of conditioned and complex reflex sound leucocytosis in various psychopathologic syndromes. Zhur.nevr.i psikh. 55 .3:192-197 '55. (MLRA 8:7)

1. Leningradskaya psichiatricheskaya bol'nitsa imeni Skvortsova-Stepanova (glavnnyy vrach N.D.Bulkin) i psichiatricheskiy sektor Instituta Fiziologii imeni I.P.Pavlova (dir. akademik K.M.Bykov). (LEUKOCYTOSIS,

conditioned & complex reflex leukocytosis in psychoses)
(REFLEX, CONDITIONED,

conditioned leukocytosis in psychoses)
(PSYCHOSES, physiology,

conditioned & complex reflex leukocytosis)

ARIKO, N.G.; YEROFEYEV, B.V.

Effect of saturated carboxylic acids on the rate of cyclohexene
oxidation. Sbor.nauch. rab. Inst. fiz.-org.khim. AN BSSR no.8:155-
160 '60. (MIRA 14'3)

1. Belorusskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Acids, Organic) (Cyclohexene) (Oxidation)

31373
S/081/62/000/003/017/090
B151/B144

5.3300

AUTHORS: Yerofeyev, B. V., Ariko, N. G.

TITLE: Effect of solvents on the radical-chain process of autooxidation of hydrocarbons

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 3, 1962, 71, abstract №B476 (Tr. po khimii i khim.tehnol. (Gor'kiy), no. I, 1961, 89-94)

TEXT: The oxidation of cyclohexene in the presence of cobalt caprylate at 40-55°C in solvents (n-octane CCl_4 , $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CH}_3$, CHCl_3 , $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NO}_2$) is studied.

With increasing polarity of the solvent the kinetic order of the reaction decreases. In n-octane the order of the reaction is approximately 3, in CCl_4 and $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CH}_3$ <2, in $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NO}_2$ <1. The authors consider that as a result of the effect of polar solvents decomposition of the complex formed by the initiator and the cyclohexene takes place. The independence of the activation energy on the polarity of the solvent in the autooxidation of cyclohexene in solutions is evidence that ionic processes play no

Card 1/2

Effect of solvents on the...

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significant role in the formation of free radicals. [Abstracter's note:
Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

S/081/60/000/007/001/012
A006/A001

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Khimiya, 1960, No. 7, p. 54, # 25669

AUTHORS: Starobinets, G. L., Arikh, P. G.

TITLE: Thermodynamic Properties and Structure of High-Molecular Paraffin Hydrocarbon Solutions in Benzene

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Thermodinamika i stroyeniye rastvorov, Moscow, AS USSR, 1959, pp. 207-210

TEXT: The method of gas saturation at 49, 55, 58.3°C was used to determine the benzene vapor pressure over solutions of two fractions of high-molecular hydrocarbons separated from technical paraffin of 270 and 340 mol. weight respectively. The activities and partial values of free energy, enthalpy and entropy of the components were calculated. Deviations from the Raoult law and excessive changes in the free energy of the solutions are negative and increase in their absolute values with increasing molecular weight of paraffin and with raising temperatures. The formation of solutions occurs at a diminished entropy. It is concluded that the thermodynamic properties of high-molecular hydrocarbon solutions are one of the factors for their stability. In benzene solutions

Card 1/2

S/081/60/000/007/001/012
A006/A001

Thermodynamic Properties and Structure of High-Molecular Paraffin Hydrocarbon Solutions in Benzene

the hexagonal structure of liquid high-molecular hydrocarbons becomes stabler due to the solvation of hexagonal groups by solvent molecules.

I. Sokolova

Translator's note: This is the full translation of the original Russian abstract.

Card 2/2

ARIKUVA, A. I.

"Hydraulic and Silting Regime of a Water Storage Structure With a Bottom Duct"
Izv. AN Kazakh SSR, No 131, Ser. Energ., No 6, 1954, 28-49

The author presents results of laboratory and natural experiments on the hydraulic and silting regimes of mountain dams with grates at the bottom. The investigations were conducted with different types of grates since the flow of a river can be in either an agitated or a quiet state. Experiments in silting showed how best to prevent the deposits from reaching the grate. The author states that calculations involved in dam construction will be presented in later articles. (RZhMekh, No 7, 1955)

SO: Sum-No 787, 12 Jan 56

ARIMIE, Elena; IOFDACHE, Stela, prof. (Turda)

Cabinet work to set up elementary notions on the earth's globe
for grade 5. Natura Geografie 17 no.1:70 Ja-F '65.

Arin', E. I.

Call Nr: AF 1108825

Transactions of the Third All-union Mathematical Congress (Cont.) Moscow,
Jun-Jul '56, Trudy '56, V. 1, Sect. Rpts., Izdatel'stvo AN SSSR, Moscow, 1956, 237 pp.
Mention is made of Bernshteyn, S. N. and Kolmogorov, A. N.

Arin', E. I. (Riga). On the Concept of Partial
Continuity of Function.

75

Balk, M. B. (Smolensk). On an Analog of the Liouville
Theorem.

75-76

There is 1 USSR reference.

Batyrev, A. V. (Rostov-na-Donu). On the Stability of a
Solution of Hilbert Boundary Problem.

76

Belinskii, P. P. (L'vov). On the Existence of a
Solution of Variational Quasi-conformal Mapping Problems

77

Bredikhina, Ye.A. (Kuybyshev). On the Best Approximations
of Almost-periodical Functions.

77

There is 1 USSR reference.
Card 23/80

□ K1/V 2.1

16(0); 18(2)

PLACE I ROCK EXPLOITATION

SOV/3565

Akademiya nauk Azerbaydzhanskoy SSR

* Tsvetkov dokladov Soveshchaniya po vychislitel'noy matematike i primeneniyu
sredstv vychislitel'noy tekhniki (Outline of Reports of the Conference on
Computational Mathematics and the Use of Computer Techniques) Baku, 1958.
63 p. 400 copies printed.

Additional Sponsoring Agencies: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Vychislitel'nyy tsentr,
and Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut avtomatiki i telemekhaniki.

No contributors mentioned.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for pure and applied mathematicians, scientists,
engineers and scientific workers, whose work involves computation and the use
of digital and analog electronic computers.

COVERAGE: This book contains summaries of reports made at the Conference on
Computational Mathematics and the Application of Computer Techniques.
The book is divided into two main parts. The first part is devoted to
computational mathematics and contains 19 summaries of reports. The second
section is devoted to computing techniques and contains 20 summaries or
reports. No personalities are mentioned. No references are given.

SECTION OF COMPUTING TECHNIQUES

Aleskerov, S.A. Designs of Electromagnetic Systems on Electrical Models	27
Govorkov, V.A. Application of Relaxation Methods to Computing the Propagation of Directed Electromagnetic Waves	29
Ishovanskiy, G.S. On the Work of the Noginsk Branch of the Computing Center at the Academy of Sciences USSR	30
Arin', R.I. Method of Symbolic Addresses for a Two-address Machine	31
Makhmudov, Yu.A. Results of Developing a Universal Digital Computer With Magnetic (Ferrite) Elements With Large Central Core Storage	32
Kogan, B.Z. On the Solution of Double-precision Problems on Electric Models	34
Zubanashvili, E. Calculation of Parameters of a Symmetric Trigger by the Levels of its Transfer to Zero and in the First Approximations	35

Card 5/7

ARIN', E. I., IVANOVA, G. F., and LORENTS, A. A.

"On Formation of Concepts by Means of Automata"

presented at the All-Union Conference on Computational Mathematics and Computational Techniques, Moscow, 16-28 November 1961

So: Problemy kibernetiki, Issue 5, 1961, pp 289-294

ARIN', E. I.

"On Self-Teaching Machines" (11 March 1960)

report delivered at a seminar on cybernetics, Moscow State University

So: Problemy kibernetiki, Issue 5, 1961, pp. 289-294

ARIN', E. I., DAMBITIS, Ya. Ya., and SHNEPS, M. A.

"On Self-Organizing Systems"

presented at the All-Union Conference on Computational Mathematics and
Computational Techniques, Moscow, 16-28 November 1961

So: Problemy kibernetiki, Issue 5, 1961, pp 289-294

S/194/61/000/012/019/097
D201/D303

9/7/00

AUTHOR: Arin', E. I.

TITLE: The symbolic address method for a two-address computer

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Avtomatika i radioelektronika,
no. 12, 1961, 6, abstract 12B33 (Tr. Vses. soveshchaniya, po vychisl. matem. i primeneniyu sredstr vychisl. tekhn. Baku, AN azerb SSR, 1961, 106-109)

TEXT: The content of a paper read at the All-Union conference on Computer Mathematics and Application of the Methods of Computer Techniques (1960) is given. The paper was presented to describe the transformation program (TP) which transforms any hand-written symbolic program (SP) into a program with real addresses. The program is designed for the Latvian SSR digital computer under construction. The computer has the following characteristics: 1) The computer has a fixed decimal point location and 30 binary digits after the decimal point digit; 2) the computer is a double-address machine; the

Card 1/2

HIRIN, E.L.

BR

25

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/5962

Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye po vychislitel'noy matematike i prime-
neniyu sredstv vychislitel'noy tekhniki, Baku, 1958.

Trudy (Transactions of the All-Union Conference on Computer Mathe-
matics and Applications of Computers) Baku, Izd-vo AN Azerbayd-
zhanskoy SSR, 1961. 254 p. 500 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya nauk Azerbaydzhanskoy SSR. Vychis-
itel'nyy tsentr.

Eds.: A.A. Dorodnitsyn, S.A. Alekseev, and K.F. Shirinov; Ed. of
Publishing House: A. Til'man; Tech. Ed.: T. Ismailov.

PURPOSE: The book is intended for mathematicians and other spe-
cialists interested in computer theory and uses for computers.

COVERAGE: The book contains the texts of 24 papers presented at
the All-Union Conference on Computer Mathematics and Applica-
tions of Computers held in Baku, 3-8 Feb 1958. The "Resolution"

Card 1/8

Transactions of the All-Union (Cont.) SOV/5962

of the conference, consisting of proposals for accelerating the development of computer mathematics and computer engineering, is also included.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Khalilov, Z.I. Introductory Remarks	7
Dorodnitsyn, A.A. Problems of Computer Technology	9
PART I. COMPUTER MATHEMATICS	
Vekilov, Sh.I. Boundary Problem of the Laplace Equation for a Composite Region	14
Dzhabarzade, R.M. The Use of Computers for Operational Weather Forecasting	20
<u>Korolyuk, V.S. Construction of Logic Problem Algorithms</u>	23
Card 2/8	

Transactions of the All-Union (Cont.)	SOV/5962
Gagua, M. Numerical Solution of the Equation $Y' = f(x,y)$	94
Maruashvili, T.I. Accuracy of the Solution on Electrical Networks of a Finite-Difference Equation Approximating Poisson's Equation	98
Khatiashvili, G.M. Almasi-Mitchell Problem of a Beam Formed by Two Concentric Circular Cylinders Made of Different Materials	101
<u>Arin', E.I.</u> Method of Symbolic Addresses for a Two-Address Machine	106
Shirinov, K.F. A Filter Theory Problem	110
PART II. COMPUTER TECHNIQUES	
Aleskerov, S.A. Results of Scientific Research Studies Obtained by the Use of Computers at the Computation Center, Academy of Sciences Azerbaydzhanskaya SSR	119

Card 4/6

ARIN, E. I., DAMHITIS, YA. YA., SHNEPS, M. A.

"On Self-Organizing Systems"

presented at the All-Union Conference on Computational Mathematics and Computational Techniques, Moscow, 16-28 November 1961

So: Problemy kibernetiki, Issue 5, 1961, pp 289-294

ARIN', E. I., IVANOVA, G. R., LORENTS, A. A.

"On the Formation of Concepts by Automata"

presented at the All-Union Conference on Computational Mathematics and Computational Techniques, Moscow, 16-28 November 1961

See: Problemy Kibernetiki, Issue 5, 1961, pp289-294

ARINA, A. /².

Social and economic changes in the village; District of Melitopol', 1885-1938.
Moskva, OGIZ, Gos. izd. kolkhoznoi i sovkhoznoi literatury "Sel'khozgiz", 1939.

1 Russia - Econ. condit. - Melitopol (District)

MH

HINCO, H. Ye.

ARINA, A.Ye.

Make broader use of mechanical harvesting of green peas. Kons. i ov.
prom. 12 no.12:29-32 D '57. (MIRA 11:1)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut konservnoy i
ovoshchesushil'noy promyshlennosti.
(Peas--Harvesting)

ARINA, A. Ye.

Economic efficiency of mechanical harvesting of green peas. Kons.
i ov. prom. 13 no. 2:37-39 F '58. (MIRA 11:2)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut konservnoy i
ovoshchesushil'noy promyshlennosti.
(Peas--Harvesting)

RUSAKOV, G.K., nauchnyy sotrudnik; MILYAVSKIY, I.O., nauchnyy sotrudnik;
ARINA, A.Ye., nauchnyy sotrudnik; PANKOVA, K.I., nauchnyy sotrudnik;
KHABAROV, N.F., nauchnyy sotrudnik. Prinimali uchastiye: PAVLOVA,
N.G.; VYATCHININA, V.G.; VARFOLOMEYEVA, M.M. TIKHONOVA, Ye.M., red.;
GUREVICH, M.M., tekhn.red.; DEYEVA, V.M., tekhn.red.

[Economic accountability on collective farms; regulations and
methods of introduction] Vnutrikhozisistvennyi raschet v kolkhozakh;
primernoe polozhenie i metodika vnedreniya. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo
sel'khoz.lit-ry, 1960. 71 p. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Moscow. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut ekonomiki
sel'skogo khozyaystva. 2. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy
institut ekonomiki sel'skogo khozyaystva (for Rusakov, Milyavskiy,
Arina, Pankova, Khabarov).

(Collective farms--Accounting)

RUSAKOV, G.K., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk; SUBBOTIN, V.P., kand.ekon.nauk; LIPATOVA, V.A., kand.ekon.nauk; ARINA, A.Ye., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk; KORENYUGIN, G.T., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; PANKOVA, K.I., aspirantka; KLADCHIKOV, S.M., otv.red.; KOLYCHEV, L.I., red.; SVYADOSTS, Yu.I., red.

[Accounting on collective farms when business accounting is in use] Bukhgalterskii uchet v kolkhozakh pri vnedrenii khozrascheta. Moskva, 1960. 246 p.
(MIRA 13:5)

1. Moscow. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut ekonomiki sel'skogo khozyaystva. 2. Zaveduyushchiy otdelom ekonomiki i organizatsii proizvodstva kolkhozov Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta ekonomiki sel'skogo khozyaystva (for Rusakov). 3. Otdel ekonomiki i organizatsii proizvodstva kolkhozov Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta ekonomiki sel'skogo khozyaystva (for Subbotin, Lipatova, Arina). 4. Kashiraskiy opornyj punkt Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta ekonomiki sel'skogo khozyaystva (for Korenyugin). 5. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut ekonomiki sel'skogo khozyaystva (for Pankova).

(Collective farms--Accounting)

ARINCHENKOV, V.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; KORNEYEV, M.A., kand.tekhn.nauk

Operation of D-357G scrapers. Stroi. i dor. mash. 10 no.2:11
F '65. (MIRA 18:3)

ARINCHENKOV, V.I., kand. tekhn. nauk

Structural defects in the D-395 power graders. Stroi. i dor.
mash. 10 no.6:23-24 Je '65.
(MIRA 18:8)

ARINCHIN, N. I.

"Materials for comparison of the physiology of conditioned reflexes in the heart," report I, Arinchin, N. I. "On the problem of unconditioned reflexes in the heart," report II, Arinchin, N. I. "Conditioned reflexes in the heart of the rabbit," report III, Arinchin, N. I. "Conditioned reflexes in the human heart," report IV, Arinchin, N. I. "Conditioned reflexes in the heart of the pigeon," report V, Arinchin, N. I. "Unconditioned and conditioned reflexes in the hearts of wild planktonic birds (drakes, teals)," Trudy Voronezhsk. med. in-ta, Vol. XIV, 1948, p. 189-228

SO: U-2888, Letopis Zhurnal'nykh, Statey, No. 1, 1949

ARINCHIN, N.I.

Bloodless method of determination of vascular tonus in extremities.
Fiziol. zh. SSSR 38 no.6:748-750 Nov-Dec 1952. (CIML 23:4)

1. Department of the Pathophysiology of Higher Nervous Activity of the
Institute of Experimental Medicine of the Academy of Medical Sciences,
Leningrad.

ARINCHIN, Nikolay Ivanovich.

Academic degree of Doctor of Biological Sciences, based on his defense, 28 January 1954, in the Council of the Inst of Experimental Medicine, Acad Med Sci USSR, of his dissertation entitled: "Toward the Evolution of the Reflex Regulation of Cardiac Activity and the Interpretation of Electrocardiograms."

Academic degree and/or title: Doctor of Sciences

SO: Decisions of VAK, List no 7, 26 Mar 55, Byulleten' MVO SSSR No. 14, July Moscow pp 4-22, Uncl.
JPRS/NY-429

ARINCHIN, N.I.; KARMANOVA, I.G.

Modification of venous pressure and tonus by conditioned reflex,
Fiziol. zh. SSSR 39 no.5:594-600 Sept-Oct 1953. (CIML 25:4)

1. Department of the Comparative Physiology and Pathology of Higher
Nervous Activity of the Institute of Experimental Medicine of the
Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, Leningrad.

ARINCHIN, N.I.

Method of in vivo transluoence for studying a frog's heart. Est.v
shkole no.1:88 Ja-P '54. (MLRA 6:12)

1. Laboratoriya krovoobrashcheniya i dykhaniya otdela fiziologii
Instituta eksperimental'noy meditsiny Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR.
(Frogs) (Physiological apparatus)

USSR/Medicine - Physiology

FD-1337

Card 1/1 : Pub 33-15/25

Author : Arinchin, N. I.

Title : Concerning improvement of bloodless method of determining vascular tonus of extremities in humans.

Periodical : Fiziol. zhur. 4, 480-484, Jul/Aug 1954

Abstract : Plethysmograph and sphygmanometer have been successfully used together clinically to attain a bloodless method of determining the tonus of blood vessels and of venous and arterial pressure. This bloodless method proved to be effective in measuring the force and frequency of the pulse and in recording variations in the blood supply in the extremities. Presence of cortical regulation of the tonus of venous vessels and venous pressure was established by means of this method. Diagrams. Graphs. Twelve Soviet references.

Institution : Laboratory of Blood Circulation and Respiration, Division of General Physiology, Institute of Experimental Medicine, Academy of Sciences USSR, Leningrad

Submitted : October 19, 1953

ARINCHIN, N.I., doktor biologicheskikh nauk

Reflexes of the vascular system. Nauka i zhizn' 22 no.7:24-26
Jl '55. (MIRA 8:9)
(Vascular system) (Reflexes)

ARINCHIN, N.I., doktor biologicheskikh nauk.

Treatment of hypertension. Nauka i zhizn' 23 no.1:63 Ja '56.
(HYPERTENSION)
(MLRA 9:4)

Arinchan N.
ARINCHAN, N.I.

Peculiarities of cortical regulation of vascular tonus and of venous blood pressure in man [with summary in English]. Zhur.vys.nerv.deiat. 7 no.2:224-230 My-Ap '57. (MLRA 10:9)

1. Laboratoriya krovoobrashcheniya i dykhaniya otdela obshchey fiziologii Instituta eksperimental'noy meditsiny AMN SSSR.
(BLOOD VESSELS, physiol.)

regulation of toneus & of venous blood pressure by cond. reflex)

(BLOOD PRESSURE, physiol.)

regulation of venous pressure by cond. reflex)

(REFLEX, CONDITIONED)

cortical regulation of vasc. tonus & venous pressure)

ARINCHIN, N.I.; ZENKEVICH, Ye.S.

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1. Laboratoriya krovoobrazheniya i dykhaniya Otdela obshchey fiziologii Instituta eksperimental'noy meditsiny AMN SSSR, Leningrad.
(BLOOD PRESSURE, determ.
auditory method of Korotkoff)

ARINCHIN, Nikolay Ivanovich

[Comprehensive study of the cardiovascular system]
Kompleksnoe izuchenie serdechnososudistoi sistemy.
Minsk, Gos.izd-vo BSSR, 1961. 203 p. (MIRA 17:3)

ARINCHIN, N.I. (Grodno); ZHMAKIN, I.K. (Grodno)

Review of I.P. Chukichev's book "Human physiology". Fiziol.
zhur. 49 no.2:264 F'64 (MIRA 17:3)

SUPRON, L.F., dots., ovt. red.; ARINCHIN, N.I., prof., red.;
GEL'BERG, S.I., prof., red.; KLEPATSKIY, B.I., prof., red.;
LIBERZON, G.Ya., prof., red.; NOVIKOV, I.I., kand. med.nauk
red.; RAZUMOVICH, A.N., assistent, red.

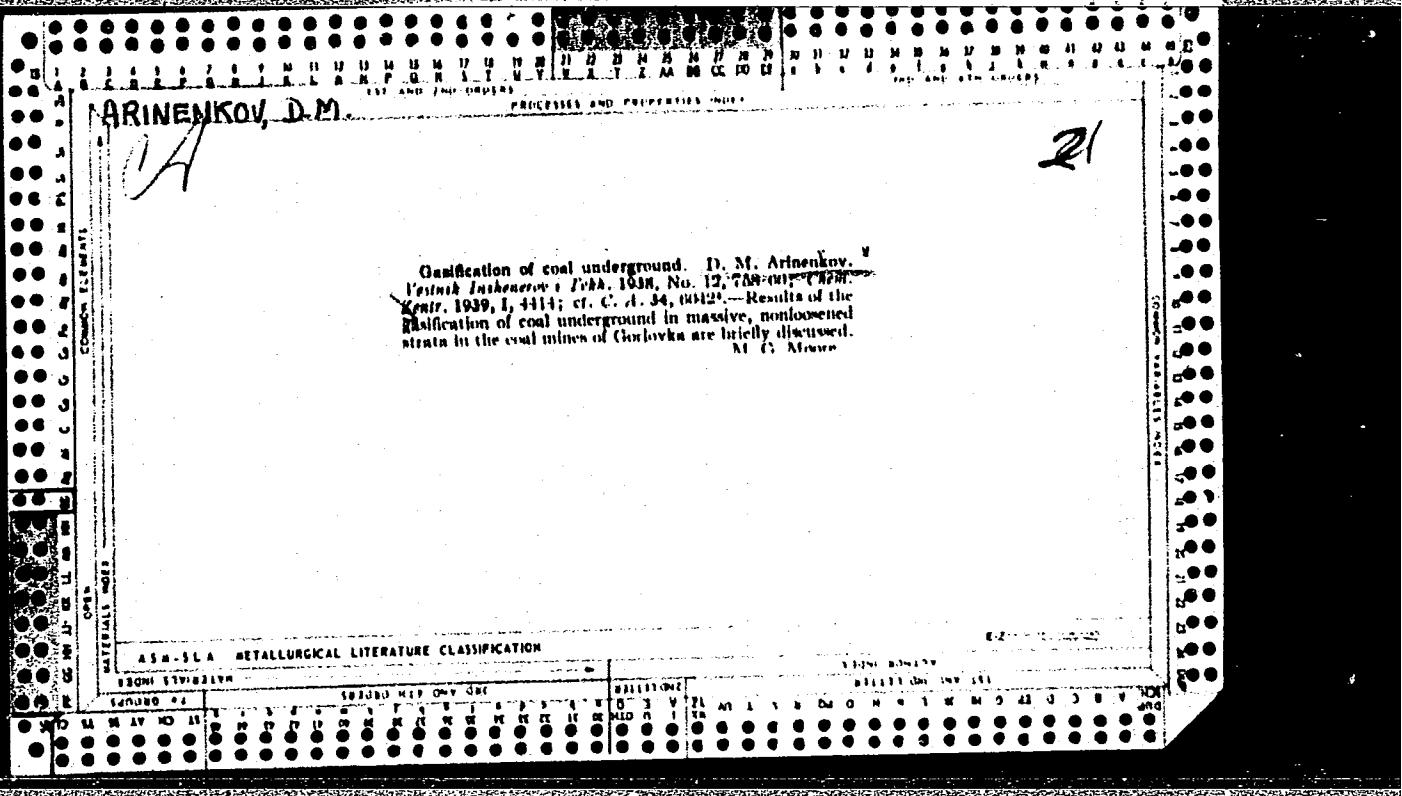
[Abstracts of the reports of the Fourth Scientific Session
on the Problem: Physiology, Morphology and Pathology of the
Cardiovascular System] Tezisy dokladov Nauchnoi sessii po
probleme: Fiziologiya, morfologiya i patologiya serdechno-
sosudistoi sistemy. Grodno, Grodnenskii med. in-t, 1962. 207 p.

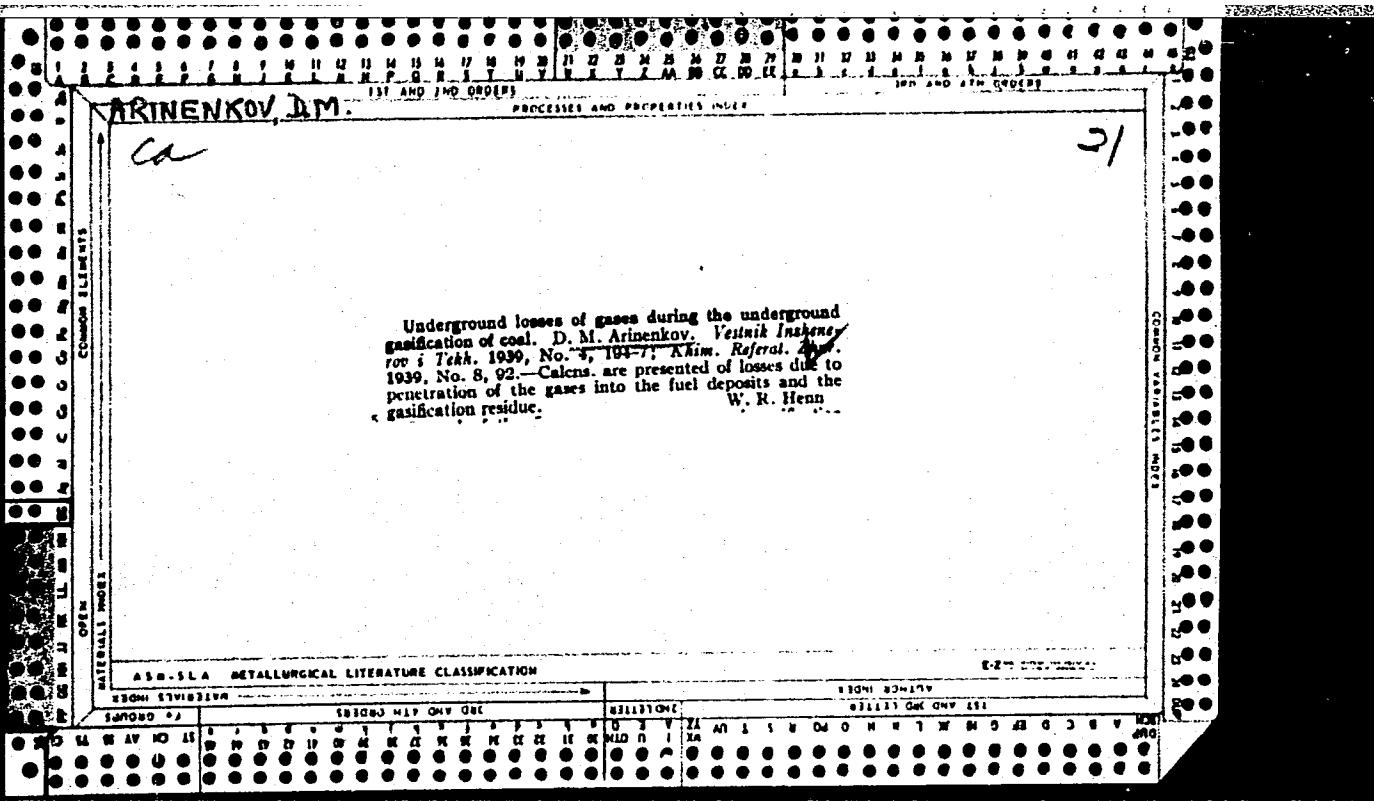
(MIRA 17:10)

1. Nauchnaya sessiya po probleme: Fiziologiya, morfologiya i
patologiya serdechno-sosudistoy sistemy, 4th, 1962. 2. Zave-
duyushchiy kafedroy patologicheskoy fiziologii Grodenskogo me-
ditsinskogo instituta (for Supron). 3. Zaveduyushchiy kafedroy
normal'noy fiziologii Grodenskogo meditsinskogo instituta (for
Arinchin). 4. Kafedra normal'noy anatomii Grodenskogo meditsin-
skogo instituta (for Novikov). 5. Zaveduyushchiy kafedroy mikro-
biologii Grodenskogo meditsinskogo instituta (for Gel'berg).
6. Zaveduyushchiy kafedroy obshchey khirurgii Grodenskogo medi-
tsinskogo instituta (for Klepatskiy). 7. Zaveduyushchiy kafed-
roy nervnykh bolezney Grodenskogo meditsinskogo instituta (for
Liberzon). 8. Kafedra biokhimii Grodenskogo meditsinskogo in-
stituta (for Razumovich).

MOGILEVCHIK, Z.K.; GABRILOVICH, M.A.; ARINCHIN, N.I.; DMITRIYEV, A.;
KANTOR, D.; KLEBANOV, G.: PILETSKIY, M.

Congresses, conferences, meetings. Zdrav. Bel. 8 no.6:68 Je'62.
(MIRA 16:8)
(NO SUBJECT HEADINGS)





ARINENKOV, D.M.

Optimum system of the panel pipe network in case of underground
gasification of flat coal seams. Nauch. trudy VNII Podzemgaza
no.6:55-61 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Yuzhgiprogaz.
(Coal gasification, Underground)

ARINENKOV, D.M.

Approximate method of determining the best diameter of blow and
gas evacuation boreholes for underground coal gasification. Podzem.
gaz.ugl. no.1:47-51 '58. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Gipropodzemgaz g. Stalino.
(Coal gasification, Underground) (Boring)

ARINENKOV, Dmitriy Mikhaylovich; MARKMAN, Lev Mironovich; BURLYGA, F.I.,
red.; TIMOSHEVSKAYA, A.A., tekhn. red.

[Underground gasification of coal] Podzemnaia gazifikatsiia uglia.
Stalino, Knizhnoe izd-vo, 1960. 93 p. (MIRA 14:11)
(Coal gasification)

ARINENKOV, D.M.

Ways of efficient utilization of gases recovered in mines. Ugol'
37 no.7:42-44 Jl '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Yuzhgiprogaz.
(Mine gases) (Gas manufacture and works)

SERGEYEV, M.P., prof.; ARININ, I.N., aspirant.

Determining rotating masses of an inertia stand. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.;
mashinostr. no.4:75-80 '64.
(NIRA 18:1)

l. Chelyabinskiy institut mekhanizatsii i elektrifikatsii sel'skogo
khozyaystva.

ARINGER, J.

Curving of drill holes. p. 270

RUDY Vol. 3, no. 9, Sept. 1955

Czechoslovakia

Source: EAST EUROPEAN LISTS Vol. 5, no. 7 July 1956

KRINGER, J.

Increasing productivity of test drilling. p. 304.

RUDY. Vol. 4, no. 10, Oct. 1956

Praha, Czechoslovakia

SOURCE: East European List (EEAL) Library of Congress, Vol. 6, No. 1, January 1957

ARINGER, J.

TECHNOLOGY

periodicals: RUDY Vol. 6, no. 3, Mar. 1958

ARINGER, J. Present problems of technical development of deep-hole
boring in ore prospecting. p. 96.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) L^C Vol. 8, no. 5
May 1959, Unclass.

5(3)

AUTHORS:

Stepanov, B. I., Arinich, L. N.

SOV/79-29-9-54/76

TITLE:

On the Substitution of the Halogen in Azo Compounds. VII. The Substitution of Chlorine in 2-Oxy-8'-chloro-(1,1')-azonaphthalene by Aroxy Groups

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1959, Vol 29, Nr 9, pp 3052-3054
(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In a paper by B. I. Stepanov, V. A. Savel'yev (Ref 1) the reaction of 2-oxy-8'-chloro-(1,1') azonaphthalene (an azo dyestuff consisting of 1,8-aminochloro naphthalene and 2-naphthol) and its copper complex with sodium methylate was investigated. It is shown that in the first case in the presence of CuSO_4 , in the second case without addition of the free copper salts, a quantitative substitution of the chlorine atom by the methoxy group takes place easily. It was of interest to investigate whether a substitution of chlorine in this peri-chloro-o'-oxyazo dyestuff may take place by the aroxy groups. This seemed evident because the patent of Delfs (Ref 2) pointed to the substitution of chlorine in dyestuffs of similar type. However, only one example, the reaction with ethyl alcohol, was given

Card 1/3

SOV/79-29-9-54/76

On the Substitution of the Halogen in Azo Compounds. VII. The Substitution
of Chlorine in 2-Oxy-8'-chloro-(1,1')-azonaphthalene by Aroxy Groups

and the reaction with phenols was not described at all. Earlier (Refs 3,4) it was shown that in the o-halogen-o'-oxyazo compounds which have a halogen lability comparable to the peri-halogen-o'-oxyazo compounds, the halogen may be replaced by the aroxy group. In the present paper it was found that the reaction does not take place in the reaction of the initial dyestuff with phenolates and creclates in water in the presence of CuSO_4 in heating within 10 hours to $105\text{-}110^\circ$, whereas the same reaction with o-chloro-o'-oxyazo dyestuffs takes place under the same conditions without difficulties. In dioxane solution, by the use of acetic copper, the reaction which took place during 4 hours at 100° furnished a yield of 84-86%. Dioxane proved to be a convenient solvent since its final products are easily separated from it by the dilution with the reaction amount of water (or with 10% sulfuric acid which simultaneously also destroys the copper complex of the substituted dyestuff). There are 4 references, 3 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy khimiko-tehnologicheskiy institut imeni D. I.
Card 2/3 Mendeleyeva (Moscow Institute of Chemical Technology imeni

SOV/79-29-9-54/76

On the Substitution of the Halogen in Azo Compounds. VII. The Substitution
of Chlorine in 2-Oxy-8'-chloro-(1,1')-azonaphthalene by Aroxy Groups

D. I. Mendeleyev

SUBMITTED: September 8, 1958

Card 3/3

ARININ, Igor' Nikolayevich; SERGEYEV, Mikhail Petrovich; KASHKEVICH,
E.I., red.

[Overall inspection of the technical condition of motor
vehicles] Kompleksnyi kontrol' tekhnicheskogo sostoiania
avtomobilei. Cheliabinsk, IZhno-Ural'skoe knizhnoe izd-vo,
1965. 102 p. (MIRA 19:1)

ARININ, V.I., veterinarnyy vrach.

OMP-A sprayer for the disinfection of stock barns. Veterinariia
33 no.5:68 My '56. (MLRA 9:8)

1. Podrobnoye khosyaystvo "Nepetsino", Kolomenskogo rayona, Moskovskoy oblasti.

(Disinfection and disinfectants)
(Spraying and dusting equipment)

ARINKIN, M. I.

DECEASED

Necrology

see ILC

ARINKIN, V.V.

AVRUNIN, A.G.; ARINKIN, V.V.; ANDREYEV, N.N.; STRUNGE, B.N.; SHMIDT, M.M.;
SEDOV, V.M., inzhener, retsenzent; MORGULIS, Yu.B., kandidat
tekhnicheskikh nauk redaktor; PETROV, G.I., inzhener, zaveduyu-
shchiy redaktsiyey; MATVEYEVA, Ye.N., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[The D50 series locomotive and marine engines] Teplovoznye i
sudovye dvigateli D50; konstruktsiya, ekspluatataiya, razborka,
sborka i regulirovka. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo mashino-
stroit. lit-ry, 1952. 269 p. [Microfilm] (MLRA 7:10)
(Diesel engines)

ARINKIN, V.Y-

AVRUNIN, Abram Grigor'yevich; ARINKIN, Viktor Vasil'yevich; MUL'MAN, Boris Yefimovich; STRUNGE, Boris Nikolayevich; MORGULIS, Yu.B., kand. tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; MELEYEV, A.S., inzh., red.; GERASIMOVA, Ye.S., tekhn.red.; SOKOLOVA, T.F., tekhn.red.

[D 100 diesel engine] Dizel' D100. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo mashinostroit. lit-ry, 1958. 325 p. (MIRA 11.?)
(Diesel engines)

ARINKIN, Viktor Vasil'yevich; GINTSBURG, B.Ya., prof., doktor tekhn.
nauk, retsenzent; BASENTSYAN, A.A., inzh., red.; MODEL', B.I.,
tekhn.red.

[Increasing the performance of the piston set of the D100
diesel engine] Povyshenie rabotosposobnosti porshnevoi gruppy
dizelia D100. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo mashinostro.
lit-ry, 1959. 109 p. (MIRA 12:10)
(Diesel engines)

Raising the
ARINKIN, V. V., CAND TECH SCI, "IMPROVEMENT IN EFFICIENCY
(Ch D-100)
OF THE PISTON ASSEMBLY OF A DIESEL." Khar'kov, 1961. (MIN
OF HIGHER AND SEC SPEC ED UKSSR, Khar'kov Polytech Inst
IM V. I. LENIN). (KL, 3-61, 212).

169

ARTOKINA, K.I.

SOV7188-59-3-5/15
Authors: Savinkova, A.M., Vorotilov, S.S., Chernaya, V.V. and
Artokina, K.I.
Title: The Effect of Syneresis Conditions on the Properties of
Latex Gels and Their Vulcanizates (Tlyumnye usloviya
simerezha na avystva lateksnykh gelov i vulkanizatov
i s nich)

Periodicals: Kuchuk i rezina, 1979, Nr. 3, pp. 18 - 22 (USSR)
Detailed investigations were carried out with various
media and conditions of syneresis, and their effect on
the rate of processes determined. The changes in the
physical and mechanical properties of crude latex gels
and their vulcanizates were also tested. Experiments
were carried out with natural latex ("Vivalitek") and
synthetic latex ("Vulnilek"). The composition of both rubber
structures is given. The latex gels were moulded into 30
mm diameter rings (0.14 mm width and 2 mm thickness).
Tested physical and mechanical characteristics of the
gels after drying and vulcanization. The humidity of the
gels of both latexes changed with the length of time of
syneresis in various media. The following media were
used: H₂O, 0.1M NaOH, 0.1M NaCl, 0.1M Na₂CO₃, 0.1M Na₂SO₄,
hot water, tricthanolamine, xylylene and a 10% solution
of NaOH and at room temperature and a 10% solution
of NaOH and at 60°C. The most intensive effect was noted during the first
2 to 3 hours. Syneresis proceeds slower in air than in
water. It was also observed that the rate of syneresis
was greater in air than in cold water, and that it pro-
ceeded more intensively in xylylene, tricthanolamine and
alcohol. This is due to the dehydrogenation action
of the hydroxy groups in the compounds. Tricthanolamine
was most active when used with "Vulnilek". Gel, Surian
chloride was less effective when used with the latex. Latex
gel is obviously due to the stabilizer which forms an
insoluble compound with a divalent cation Ba⁺⁺. Hardening
Card 2/5 chloride acts on "Vivalitek" containing a protein e--

used. H₂O, 0.1M NaOH, 0.1M NaCl, 0.1M Na₂CO₃, 0.1M Na₂SO₄,
hot water, tricthanolamine, xylylene and a 10% solution
of NaOH and at room temperature and a 10% solution
of NaOH and at 60°C. The most intensive effect was noted during the first
2 to 3 hours. Syneresis proceeds slower in air than in
water. It was also observed that the rate of syneresis
was greater in air than in cold water, and that it pro-
ceeded more intensively in xylylene, tricthanolamine and
alcohol. This is due to the dehydrogenation action
of the hydroxy groups in the compounds. Tricthanolamine
was most active when used with "Vulnilek". Gel, Surian
chloride was less effective when used with the latex. Latex
gel is obviously due to the stabilizer which forms an
insoluble compound with a divalent cation Ba⁺⁺. Hardening
Card 2/5 chloride acts on "Vivalitek" containing a protein e--

similar) to a lesser degree; concentrated HCl is more
effective than weak acetic acid. Syneresis proceeds at
a slower rate in a NaOH solution than in water; this is
due to the peptizing action of the hydroxyl ion. Figure
2 gives curves which characterize the strength of crude
gels after various periods of syneresis. Data on the
strength of gels with identical humidity are shown in
the form of curves (Figure 3). In xylylene the strength
of gels increases very slowly, in tricthanolamine a strong
increase is observed at first on lowering the humi-
dity, but soon decreases sharply. Maximum values of
strength are observed when syneresis is carried out in
a NaOH solution. The largest values of elongation are
obtained when the process is carried out in xylylene
(950 to 1100%) and in hot water (up to 80%). Physical
and mechanical characteristics of vulcanized films from
gels, when syneresis is carried out in various media
for two hours, are given in a table. As a result vulcan-
izes were prepared from gels when syneresis proceeded
in hot water, on air, in solutions of barium chloride,
NaCl, and acetic acid and NaOH. The lower values of

Card 3/5

SOY/138-59-3-5/16
**The Effect of Synthesis Conditions on the Properties of Latex
Gels and Their Vulcanizates**

Case A-5

extensibility of gel vulcanizates prepared in trichloroethane is probably due to the swelling of the rubber in the solution. Films prepared by swelling and vulcanizing syntheses on air, after having been kept in trichloroethane for three hours at 50° to 60°, showed a 5-6% increase in weight. The strength of gel vulcanizates increased in the same syntheses in carrying out in ethanol about the same solution. Further experiments were made to show the effect of syntheses on the length of the straight chains and on the physical and mechanical properties of the gels. The effect of the physical and mechanical properties of the gels was also investigated. The later varying temperature syntheses for one hour in water or in the gel when the results appeared in the gel when the cracks are shown in Figure 4.

water temperature was increased to 70 - 80°C. This is due to the large rate of shrinking of the gel. Optimum results were achieved when the water temperature was of the order of 60°C.

There are 4 figures, 1 table and 4 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy in-tekhnicheskoy i tekhnologicheskoy literatury Rossiyskoy Akademii Nauk (Scientific Research Institute for Huber and Latex Articles).

Card 5/5

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00010201C

ARINS, E.

GENERAL

PERIODICALS: VESTIS No. 2, 1958

ARINS, E. Program for calculation of wages at the State Electronic Factory on electric calculating machine. In Russian. p. 103

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAT) LC, Vol. 8, No. 2
February 1959, Unclass.

ARINS, E.; SNEPS, M.

GENERAL

PERIODICALS: VESTIS, NO. 6, 1958

ARINS, E. ; SNEPS, M. Symbolic programing for anelectronic - calculating machine of the Latvian Academy of Sciences. In Russian. p. 101.

Monthly list East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, VOL. 8, No. 2,
February 1959, Unclass.

AKINISH, M. I.

Dissertation: "Partially Continuous Functions." Cand Phys-Math Sci, Moscow Order of Lenin State U imeni M. V. Lomonosov, 28 May 54. Vechernaya Moskva, Moscow, 19 May 54.

SO: SUM 284, 26 Nov 1954

~~Arin's, E.G.~~

Arin's, E.G.

Arin's, E. G. Some descriptive properties of monotone sequences of functions. Latvijas PSR Zinātņu Akad. Fiz. Mat. Inst. Raksti. 1, 101-104 (1950). (Russian. Latvian summary)

Let E be a complete separable metric space. A subset X of E is said to be residual if X' is of the first category in E . Let the real function f on E be the limit of an increasing sequence of upper semi-continuous functions. Then, on every perfect subset P of E , the points where f is lower-semicontinuous form a residual set. Let the property of Baire for a real function g on E be stated as follows: the points of continuity of g , considered on an arbitrary perfect subset P of E , form a residual set. Then the limit of a monotone sequence of functions enjoying the property of Baire also enjoys the property of Baire. The proofs are, of course, obvious.

E. Hewitt (Seattle, Wash.).

See MATHEMATICAL REVIEW
Vol XIV No 2, Feb 1953 (Unclassified)
pp 121-232

ARIN' / ARINS / , E. G.
ARIN SH. YC. G.

Mathematical
Reviews
Vol. 14 No. 8
Sept. 1953
Numerical and
Graphical Methods.

Arin' [Ārinš], E. G. On an application of graphical methods to nonlinear interpolation. Latvijas PSR Zinātņu Akad. Vēstis 1951, no. 1 (42), 154-162 (1951). (Russian, Latvian summary)
The author devises a graphical method for solving an elementary problem. W. E. Milne (Corvallis, Ore.).

8-10-54

LL

MATH REVIEWS (ARINSH)
ARINSH, Ye. G. (ARIN')

Mathematical Reviews
Vol. 15 No. 4
Apr. 1954
Analysis

8-24-54
L

Arin'sh, E. G. On a generalization of a theorem of Baire.
Uspehi Matem. Nauk (N.S.) 8, no. 3(55), 105-108 (1953).
(Russian)

Let E be a metric space which is an absolute G_1 and has a countable open basis. The following theorems are proved. If a function f on E is the limit of an increasing sequence of upper semi-continuous functions, then the function $f(\cdot|P)$ is lower semi-continuous on a set of 2nd category for every perfect subset P of E . If a function f on E is Borel measurable and if $f(\cdot|P)$ is lower semi-continuous on a set of 2nd category for every perfect subset P of E , then f is the limit of an increasing sequence of upper semi-continuous functions on E . E. Hewitt (Seattle, Wash.).

USSR/Human and Animal Physiology - Blood Circulation.

T-5

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, 31733

Author : Arinshin, N.I.

Inst :
Title : On More Accurate Indicators of the Condition of the Cardiovascular System in Man Determined by a Bloodless Method.

Orig Pub : V sb.: Yezhegodnik. In-t eksperim. med. Akad. med. nauk. SSSR, 1955, L. 1956, 105-106.

Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1

ARINSHTEYN, A.G.; LAMIONOV, V.A.

Scientific investigations and the relation to production of the collective of the I.M. Gubkin Institute for the Petrochemical and Gas Industry. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gas 6 no.1:113-116 '63.
(MIRA 17:10)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti im. akad. I.M. Gubkina.

ARINSHTEYN, A.G.; GUREVICH, V.M.; LARIONOV, V.A.

Conference of the Moscow Institute of the Petrochemical and Gas
Industry named for I.M.Gubkina. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.;neft' i gaz 6
no.11:124-127 '63.
(MIRA 17:9)

ARINSHTEYN, A. I.

Arinshteyn, A. I. "The dynamics of fat accumulation and changes in the quality of hemp seeds during ripening", Selektsiya i semenovodstvo, 1949, No. 5, p. 48-50.

SO: U-4630, 16 Sept. 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 23, 1949).

ARINSHTEYN, A. I., kandidat sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; TULIN, N.S.,
redaktor; TUREVICH, M.M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Producing high yields of hemp, ambari hemp, and jute; collection
of articles] Vyrashchivanie vysokikh urozhaev konopli, kenafa
i dzhuta; sbornik, statei. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo sel'khoz.lit-ry,
1957. 109 p. (MLRA 10:6)

(Fibers)

USSR/Cultivated Plants - Commercial. Oil-Bearing. Sugar-Bearing. M-5

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, 29898

Author : Arinshteyn, A.I.

Inst : The All-Union Institute for Fiber Crops.

Title : Results of the Selection of Monoecious Hemp.

Orig Pub : Tr. Vses. n.-i. in-t lub. kul'tur, 1957, vyp. 22, 157-168.

Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1

ARINSHTEYN, A.I., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; PELIPENKO, A.I.

Effect of crossbreeding on sex in hemp. Agrobiologija no.2:
298-301 Mr-Ap '59. (MIRA 12:6)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut lubyanykh
kul'tur, g.Glukhov. (Hemp breeding) (Plants, Sex in)

TIMONIN, M.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; SENCHENKO, G.I., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; ARINSHTEYN, A.I., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; GORSHKOV, P.A., doktor sel'khoz. nauk; ZHUKOV, M.S., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; DEMKIN, A.P., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; KRASHENINNIKOV, N.A., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; GORODNIY, N.G., doktor sel'khoz.nauk; REPYAKH, I.I., nauchn. sotr.; PIL'NIK, V.I., kand. sel'khoz.nauk; KHANIN, M.D., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; TSELIK, V.Z., st. nauchn. sotr.[deceased]; KOZINETS, N.I., nauchn. sotr.; ZHALNINA, L.S., nauchn. sotr.; LYASHENKO, S.N., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; GONCHAROV, G.I., inzh.; BUYANOV, V.I., inzh.; RUDNIKOV, V.N., st. nauchn. sotr.; BLOKHINA, V.V., red.; PROKOF'YEVA, A.N., tekhn.red.; SOKOLOVA,N.N., tekhn.red.

[Hemp] Konoplia. Moskva, Sel'khozizdat, 1963. 462 p.
(MIRA 16:12)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut lubyanykh kul'tur (for all except Blokhina, Prokof'yeva, Sokolova).
(Hemp)

ARINSHTEYN, A.I., kand, sel'skokhoz, nauk; MIGAL', N.D.

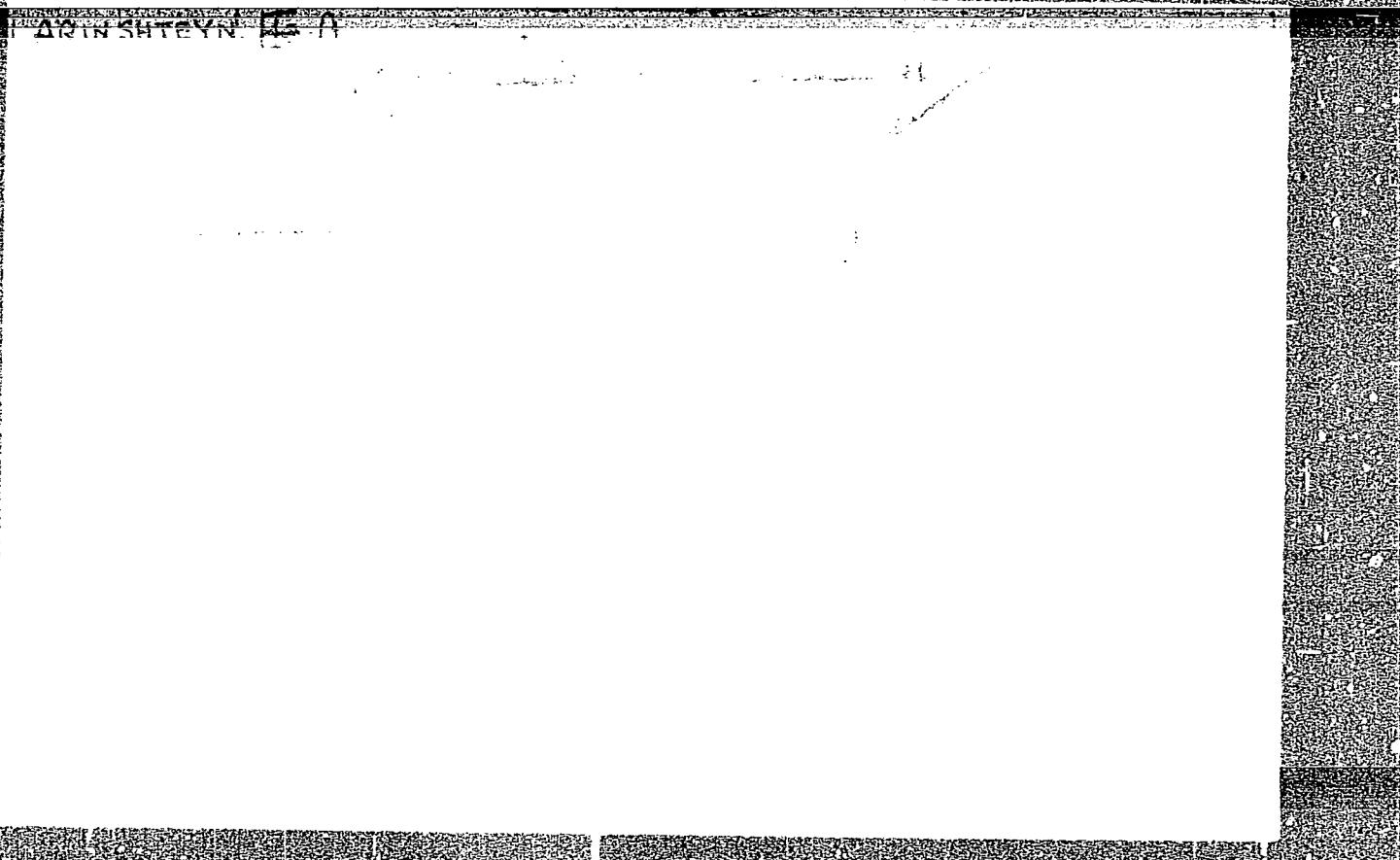
Effect of the quantity of hemp pollen grains on their germination,
the growth of pollen tubes, and the yield of hybrid seeds. Agro-
biologiya no.1:151-153 Ja-F '65. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut lubyanykh
kul'tur, Glukhov.

ARINSHTYIN, B.N.; TARNOPOL'SKIY, R.R.

[Short prescription manual with elements of Latin grammar; an aid for medical personnel and for young doctors] Kratkii spravochnik po retsepture s elementami latinskoi gramoty; v pomoshch' sredne-my medpersonalu i nachinaiushchim vracham. Tomsk, Izd-vo tomskogo universiteta, 1957. 187 p.
(PRESCRIPTION WRITING)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00010201



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00010201C

AUTHOR: ARINSHTEYN, E.A.

TITLE: The Crystallization Phenomenon in Statistical Physics (yavleniye PA - 2237
kristallisatsii v statisticheskoy fisiike, Russian)

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1957, Vol 112, Nr 4, pp 615 - 618
U.S.S.R.)

Received: 4 / 1957 Reviewed: 5 / 1957

ABSTRACT: At first previous works dealing with this subject are discussed. The present work investigates the crystallization by the method of N.N.BOGOLJUBOV whereby the thermodynamic functions can be combined with the structure. At first a derivating functional for the determination of the distribution function of n particles is written down. A further functional $W(u) = \ln L$ determines the correlation functions. Next, the functional equation by N.N. BOGOLJUBOV used here is given. After repeated functional differentiation all g_s can be expressed by F_1 in any approximation (with respect to correlation), i.e. with an accuracy of up to any term within the development of the function $W(u)$. (Here it applies that: $F_1 = g_1$; $F_2(1,2) = F_1(1)F_1(2) + g_2(1,2)$; ...). Next a formula for the distribution function F_1 is derived by means of this method. At F_1 the system of approximations with respect to correlation is identical with the decomposition according to powers of density. However, the equation just mentioned

PA - 2237

The Crystallization Phenomen in Statistical Physics.
periodic solutions: there follows the domain of uninterrupted
crystallization and only at still lower temperatures crystalli-
zation becomes a transition of the first type. (Without illus-
trations).

ASSOCIATION:
PRESENTED BY: Member of the Academy N.N.BOGOLJUBOV on 25.10.1956
SUBMITTED: 9.7.1956
AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 3/3

20-114-6-14/54

AUTHOR: Arinshteyn, E. A.

TITLE: On the Statistical Theory of Crystallization (K statisticheskoy teorii kristallizatsii)

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1957, Vol. 114, Nr. 6, pp. 1189-1191 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: N. N. Bogolyubov constructed a statistical theory of crystallization for monocomponent systems. The method developed in this paper can be generalized to the case of multicomponent systems with short range forces. In this case the distribution functions are defined by the deriving functional

$$\mathcal{L}(u_\alpha) = \int D II(1 + v_\alpha u_\alpha(i)) dq_i \quad (\text{which contains } n)$$

auxiliary functions u_α , $\alpha = 1, \dots, n$. In this connection n denotes the number of components. The functional equation for this functional is written down. By the aid of further functional differentiations and subsequent substitutions all distribution functions can be expressed by ordinary functions.

Equations for these ordinary functions are given. The func-

Card 1/2

ARINSHTEYN, E.A., Cand Phys-math Sci--(diss) "Statistical theory of
crystallization." ^{April} Mios, 1952. 17 ppincl cover (Mos State Pedag Inst
im V.I.Lenin), 140 copies. Bibliography at end of text (11 titles)
(KL, 47-58, 129)

- 2 -

24(7), 24(8) SOV/139-59-1-29/34
AUTHOR: Arinshteyn, E.A.
TITLE: On the Theory o f Molecular Association in Gases (K
teorii molekulyarnykh assotsiatsiy v gazakh)
PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Vysshikh Uchebnykh Zavedeniy, Fizika,
1959, Nr 1, pp 166-167 (USSR)
ABSTRACT: The assumption of molecular association of gases (in the
simplest case binary association) makes it possible to
describe sufficiently precisely the behaviour of real
gases (Ref 1). Molecular association may be discussed
using the method of partial distribution functions. The
author applies this method to the case of spherically
symmetrical particles such as those of inert gases.
Using the Lennard-Jones potential, the author shows that
above the critical temperature association can occur both
in rarified and in dense gases. The paper is entirely
theoretical. There are 4 references, 3 of which are
Card 1/2 Soviet and 1 translation from English into Russian.

SOV/139-59-1-29/34
On the Theory of Molecular Association in Gases

ASSOCIATION: Tomskiy Inzhenerno-stroitel'nyy Institut
(Tomsk Civil Engineering Institute)

SUBMITTED: June 12, 1958

Card 2/2

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SOV/139-59-2-14/30

AUTHOR: Arinshteyn, E.A.

TITLE: On Approximate Equations for the Radial Function of a Liquid

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, Fizika, 1959,
Nr 2, pp 92-98 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The superposition approximation which has been considered by Bogolyubov (Ref 1) and Born and Green (Ref 2) and is defined by Eq (1) and (2) is shown to hold provided the condition given by Eq (10) is satisfied. This result is obtained using the "generating functional" suggested by Bogolyubov (*ibid*) and given by Eq (4). The correlation approximation, which is defined by Eq (11) and (12) is shown to hold provided the condition given by Eq (19) is satisfied. It is shown that the generating functional method may be used to obtain an expression for the fourth virial coefficient. It is very convenient since it allows an estimate to be made of the degree of approximation involved. There are 7 references, 3 of which are Soviet

Card 1/2